February, providing $19 billion in Reinvestment Act into law in the American Recovery and President Obama signed on it.

Mark Carnemolla, second-year Master of Science in Biomedical Informatics student, practices using electronic medical records on the NextGen System.

Written by: Keren Moros

The next time you see your doctor, he might not be carrying a manila folder with your name on it.

President Obama signed the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act into law in February, providing $19 billion in incentives for hospitals to incorporate electronic medical records in healthcare.

Now, Jennie Lou, M.D., professor and director of medical informatics at NSU’s College of Osteopathic Medicine, said that paperless patient history is probably the hottest topic in healthcare.

Lou said that one of the benefits of these kind of records is that they prevent lost records and duplicate medical tests.

"Say you’re traveling to Las Vegas and you get sick," she said. "Who’s going to find your paper records? There’s no way. But with electronic medical records, anybody you authorize will be able to pull your record and know what medications you’re on, what complications you have had."

Lou said that the majority of NSU’s clinics use NextGen, a software program for electronic medical record use. NSU’s clinics started using this method three years ago.

Medical students are also learning how to use the program.

"We just received a grant from Health Resources and Services Administration to provide a simulation lab where students are using robots to practice their clinical skills," Lou said. "In that lab, students are going to be using electronic medical records. So, they’re getting used to having the computer system instead of a traditional paper one."

Bruce Peters, D.O., professor and medical director at the College of Osteopathic Medicine, said that virtual medical records give patients greater access to health information, but has potential for violation of privacy.

"You really have no control over how the information is used or recorded or transmitted," he said. "Once you say something, it’s no longer one-on-one. You think it’s one-on-one, but it’s really one-on-one million, or one on an unlimited number of people that may be looking at the same information at the same time. You can encrypt things on your side, but it’s hard to encrypt things on the other person’s or patients’ side of things."

Another innovation in healthcare is telemedicine, which Lou said is the use of technology to solve patients’ problems via distance.

"It’s gaining a lot of momentum," Lou said. "Patients seem to love it. Doctors are getting more and more comfortable as the technology is becoming more and more mature and the confidentiality issues, privacy issues, security issues are being solved at the higher level."

Lou said that NSU clinics have not used telemedicine, but that there has been discussion among NSU doctors of using it to treat patients in prison.

Robert Hurst, D.O., assistant professor of internal medicine, said that he doubts whether remote procedures will ever take off because of coordination and backup issues. However, he believes that some medical fields can benefit from it.

"While there will probably always be regional disparities, the technology will be able to efficiently deliver available resources to those who need it in remote areas and I think this is best accomplished by policy, productivity increases and incentives," he said.

Written by: Sabrina Talamo

If your book bag is heavy and your wallet is light, you’re most likely a college student. But being broke doesn’t have to be part of your college experience. Here are some ways to make extra cash.

Sell your stuff online
List your personal items and sell them on eBay or Craigslist. Someone might want to buy your old videogames, movies, comic books or other items.

Sell your body parts
Don’t start removing your organs just yet. These body parts are replaceable. Clinics will pay you up to $35 for blood plasma, $40 for sperm, and $5,000 or more for eggs.

Turn your car into an advertisement
If you are willing to give your car a makeover, you can get paid to put advertisements on your car. Companies pay drivers to display their advertisements with bumper stickers, graphic panels or a full car wrap.

Sell your clothes
Clean out your closet and trade your used clothing for cash.

Consignment stores such as Plato’s Closet buy used clothes in exchange for money.

Get an on-campus job
Having trouble finding a job off campus? Become a lab monitor, work at the food court or become a security officer — just a few of the jobs offered at NSU. On-campus jobs provide good salaries and some include benefits such as discounted tuition.

Participate in research
If you don’t mind being a guinea pig, then participate in a research study. The pay for volunteering varies depending on the amount of time involved and the study’s risks.

Sell your books
When the semester ends, don’t throw your textbooks in a corner of your room. The bookstore will buy back many of your used textbooks for half their selling price. If not, you can sell them online.

Get coupons
With coupons, you can sign up for birthday club rewards, get free breakfast at IHOP, get $35 off a Benihana meal or receive free ice cream from Coldstone.

College life can be expensive and taking advantage of creative options of making extra money can alleviate money woes and make the college experience that much sweeter.

We’re the Paparazzi

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